1	H.116
2	Introduced by Representatives Durfee of Shaftsbury, Cina of Burlington,
3	Ancel of Calais, Arrison of Weathersfield, Birong of
4	Vergennes, Coffey of Guilford, Cordes of Lincoln, Donnally of
5	Hyde Park, Killacky of South Burlington, Kitzmiller of
6	Montpelier, Masland of Thetford, Mrowicki of Putney, Pugh of
7	South Burlington, Stebbins of Burlington, Townsend of South
8	Burlington, Troiano of Stannard, White of Hartford, and Wood
9	of Waterbury
10	Referred to Committee on
11	Date:
12	Subject: Human services; intellectual disabilities; involuntary sterilization
13	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to prohibit the
14	involuntary sterilization of individuals with an intellectual disability.
15 16	An act relating to prohibiting the involuntary sterilization of individuals with an intellectual disability
17	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
18	Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT
19	It is the intent of the General Assembly to prohibit the involuntary
20	sterilization of a person with an intellectual disability while simultaneously

1	moefficiencies the might of each measure to each velocities to a value of the
1	reaffirming the right of such person to seek voluntary sterilization when the
2	person's physician deems that the person has the ability to give informed
3	consent. To ensure that a person with an intellectual disability is treated with
4	dignity and has the opportunity to exercise self-determination, the General
5	Assembly reaffirms its commitment to allow a person to seek a judicial
6	opinion on his or her competency to provide informed consent to sterilization
7	in the event a physician has refused to perform the procedure on those grounds
8	Sec. 2. 4 V.S.A. § 33 is amended to read:
9	§ 33. JURISDICTION; FAMILY DIVISION
10	(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the Family
11	Division shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear and dispose of the following
12	proceedings filed or pending on or after October 1, 1990:
13	* * *
14	(12) All involuntary sterilization proceedings filed pursuant to
15	18 V.S.A. chapter 204.
16	* * *
17	Sec. 3. 4 V.S.A. § 36 is amended to read:
18	§ 36. COMPOSITION OF THE COURT
19	(a) Unless otherwise specified by law, when in session, a Superior Court
20	shall consist of:

* * *

1	(2)(A) For cases in the Family Division, except as provided in
2	subdivision (B) of this subdivision (2), one presiding judicial officer and two
3	assistant judges, if available.
4	(B) The Family Division shall consist of one presiding judicial
5	officer sitting alone in the following proceedings:
6	* * *
7	(iv) all involuntary sterilization proceedings filed pursuant to
8	18 V.S.A. chapter 204;
9	* * *
10	Sec. 4. 18 V.S.A. chapter 204 is amended to read:
11	CHAPTER 204. STERILIZATION
12	§ 8705. STERILIZATION; POLICY
13	(a) It is the policy of the State of Vermont to allow voluntary and
14	involuntary sterilizations of adults with an intellectual disability under
15	circumstances that will ensure that the best interests and rights of such persons
16	are fully protected. In accordance with this policy, a person with an
17	intellectual disability, as defined in 1 V.S.A. § 146, may not be sterilized
18	without his or her consent unless there is a prior hearing in the Superior Court
19	as provided in this chapter. A person with an intellectual disability under
20	18 years of age shall not be sterilized consent to voluntary sterilization.

sterilization may be performed.

1	(b) Sterilization is defined to mean a surgical procedure, the purpose of
2	which is to render an individual incapable of procreating.
3	* * *
4	§ 8707. COMPETENCY TO CONSENT; PROCEDURE
5	(a)(1) If the physician from whom the sterilization has been sought refuses
6	to perform the sterilization because he or she is not satisfied that the person
7	with an intellectual disability has the ability to give the informed consent
8	required by section 8706 of this title, the person with an intellectual disability
9	may file a petition in Superior Court for a determination of the person's
10	competency to consent to the sterilization.
11	* * *
12	(3) Upon the filing of the petition, the court shall appoint a qualified
13	developmental disabilities professional as defined in subdivision 8821(8) of
14	this title to examine the person with an intellectual disability and present
15	evidence to the court as to that person's ability to give informed consent.
16	* * *
17	(b)(1) If, after the hearing, the court determines on the basis of clear and
18	convincing proof that the person with an intellectual disability is competent to
19	consent and has given the required consent, it shall order that a voluntary

1	(2) If the court determines that the person with an intellectual disability
2	is not competent to give consent it shall inform the person that he or she has
3	the right to petition the court for an involuntary sterilization pursuant to the
4	requirements of section 8708 of this title, the sterilization procedure shall not
5	be performed.
6	§ 8708. INVOLUNTARY STERILIZATION
7	(a) Any sterilization sought on behalf of a person with an intellectual
8	disability or requested by any person denied a voluntary sterilization by section
9	8707 of this title shall be considered an involuntary sterilization.
10	(b) Involuntary sterilizations may be performed only after a hearing in the
11	Superior Court pursuant to sections 8709-8712 of this title. For the purposes
12	of involuntary sterilization proceedings under this chapter, the person with an
13	intellectual disability subject to a petition for sterilization shall be defined as
14	the respondent. [Repealed.]
15	§ 8709. PETITION AND NOTICE OF HEARING
16	(a) Any adult with an intellectual disability, his or her parent, private
17	guardian, near relative, as defined in section 8821 of this title, or physician,
18	may file a petition in the Superior Court alleging that the person he or she has
19	an intellectual disability and, is in need of sterilization, and the physician from

whom the sterilization has been sought refuses to perform the sterilization

1	because the physician is not satisfied that the person has the ability to give the
2	informed consent required by section 8706 of this title.
3	(b) The petition shall set forth:
4	(1) the name, age, and residence of the person to be sterilized petitioner
5	and the names and addresses of the petitioner's counsel, legal guardian, and
6	nearest relative;
7	(2) the names name and addresses address of the petitioner and parents,
8	guardians, spouse, and nearest relative of said person respondent-physician;
9	(3) the mental condition of said person the petitioner;
10	(4) a statement of said person's the petitioner's ability to give informed
11	consent to the sterilization; and
12	(5) said person's the petitioner's ability to pay for legal counsel;
13	(6) the relation of said person to the petitioner;
14	(7) the reasons and supporting facts why sterilization is in the best
15	interest of said person.
16	(c) Upon the filing of the petition, the court shall fix a time and place for
17	the hearing not more than 45 days from the receipt of the petition. Not less
18	than 20 days prior to the date set for the hearing, the court shall cause the
19	petitioner to serve the respondent respondent-physician with the petition and
20	notice of hearing. The court shall also mail a copy of the petition and notice of

the hearing to the respondent's petitioner's counsel, his or her legal guardian, and nearest relative.

§ 8710. APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL

The respondent petitioner shall be represented by counsel throughout the proceeding. Upon the filing of the petition, the court shall notify the respondent petitioner that he or she shall be afforded the right to counsel. If the petition states that the respondent petitioner is unable to pay for counsel, the court shall appoint counsel to be paid by the State or set a hearing for a determination of the respondent's petitioner's ability to pay for counsel. The court may also require appointment of a guardian ad litem to represent the interest interests of the respondent petitioner. Counsel shall receive copies of the comprehensive evaluations required by section subsection 8711(d) of this title and such other documents as may be received and issued by the court.

§ 8711. CONDUCT OF HEARING

(a) The respondent, the petitioner, respondent-physician, and all other persons to whom notice has been sent may attend the hearing, testify, present evidence, and subpoena, present, and cross-examine witnesses, including those who prepared the comprehensive evaluation. The court may exclude any person not necessary for the conduct of the hearing.

20 ***

1	(c) The court shall determine the following:
2	(1) whether the respondent has an intellectual disability; and
3	(2) whether the respondent is competent to give informed consent as
4	defined in section 8706 of this title; and
5	(3) if the court determines that the respondent is not competent to give
6	informed consent, whether a sterilization is in the best interests of the
7	respondent by considering the following factors:
8	(A) that the respondent is physically capable of conceiving a child;
9	(B) that the respondent is likely to engage in sexual activity at present
10	or in the near future under circumstances which may result in pregnancy;
11	(C) that the nature of the respondent's disability renders the
12	respondent incapable now or in the future of caring for a child;
13	(D) that the respondent's disability is not likely to improve, nor does
14	medical knowledge exist to establish that an advance in treatment of the
15	disability is likely; and
16	(E) that no effective, less drastic alternative to sterilization is
17	medically indicated which will meet the needs of the respondent.
18	(d) The court shall order the Commissioner of Disabilities, Aging, and
19	Independent Living to arrange for the preparation of a comprehensive medical,
20	psychological, and social evaluation of the person through developmental
21	disability agencies affiliated with the Department. The comprehensive

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1	evaluation shall be completed within 30 days of the receipt of the petition. The
2	medical report shall be prepared by a physician other than the physician who
3	refused to perform the sterilization because he or she was not satisfied the
4	petitioner had the ability to give informed consent and shall describe the
5	physical condition of the respondent petitioner and the availability of effective,
6	alternative contraceptive measures to meet the needs of the <u>person petitioner</u> .
7	The psychological report shall include a diagnosis of the person's intellectual
8	ability and social functioning. The social report shall be prepared by a
9	qualified developmental disabilities professional, and shall describe the
10	respondent's petitioner's developmental and social functioning.
11	(e) The petitioner shall have the burden of proving the elements of the
12	petition by clear and convincing evidence.
13	(f) The evaluation shall be received into evidence, if the persons who
14	prepared the evaluation are available for the hearing or subject to service of
15	subpoena. However, the court shall not be bound by the evidence contained in
16	the evaluation but shall make its determination upon the entire record.
17	§ 8712. FINDINGS; ORDER
18	(a) The court shall prepare written findings of fact and state separately its
19	conclusions of law in all cases.

(b) If, upon completion of the hearing and consideration of the record, the

court finds that the person with an intellectual disability is competent to give

1	informed consent and no such consent has been given, no sterilization may be
2	ordered and has given the required consent, the court shall order that a
3	voluntary sterilization may be performed.
4	(c) If, upon completion of the hearing and consideration of the record, the
5	court finds that the person is incompetent to consent and that the sterilization is
6	in the best interests of the person, it shall order that an involuntary sterilization
7	may be performed, the sterilization shall not be performed.
8	§ 8713. CONFIDENTIALITY OF PROCEEDINGS
9	All proceedings under this chapter shall be closed to the public, and the
10	records shall be sealed unless requested to be opened by the respondent
11	petitioner.
12	* * *
13	Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE
14	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2021.